



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Reader is desired to correct the Title of the XIIth Paper of the last Number of these *Transactions* in the following manner :

A Letter from Richard Brocklesby M. D. and F.R.S. to the President, concerning the Indian Poison, sent over by Don Antonio De Ullöa of Seville, F. R. S. and mentioned by M. de la Condamine, of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, in his late Account of the River of the Amazons in South America.

He is also desired in the same Paper, to read towards the Bottom of the first Page, instead of *Mr. Juan Antonio de Loa, Don Antonio de Ulloa*. This Gentleman was one of those sent by the King of Spain to attend and assist the French Astronomers of the Royal Academy of Sciences, in their late Measure of a Degree of Latitude near the Equator. He was taken Prisoner at Cape Breton in his Return home, and brought into England, where his Papers all relating to the Measure of the Degree, and other Astronomical and Philosophical Observations, were by the Favour of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty restored to him, to be published in his own Country. An Abstract of the same was however by their Lordship's Leave communicated to the Royal Society, by their President, who was entrusted with the Perusal of the same : And the Author himself, who is a Gentleman of great Merit, was soon after unanimously chosen a Fellow of the Society. Some time after his Return he procured the above-mentioned Specimen of this Indian Poison, which he sent over together, with some Books, as a Present to his Friend the President of the Society.